



Local government's contribution to the 2010/11 spending cuts

Standard Note: SN/SG/5573
Last updated: 29 June 2010
Author: Gavin Berman
Section: Social and General Statistics

This note briefly summarises the effect on local authorities of the £1,165m savings in 2010/11 to be made through reductions to individual grants. This forms local government's contribution towards the overall saving of £6.2bn across Government.

Further information on the Local Government Finance Settlement can be found in the following Library notes:

[Local Government Finance Settlement 2010/11](#)

[Local Government Finance Settlement 2008/09-2010/11](#)

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1 Government announces £6.2bn in-year savings

In a speech on 17 May the Chancellor announced that the 'coalition has agreed that £6bn of savings to non-front line public services should be made this financial year'.¹

On 24 May further detail was provided as to which areas would be affected by the £6.2bn of cuts. It was announced that £1.165bn of these savings will be made in Local Government by reducing grants to local authorities. In addition the Government announced the removal of the ring-fences around over £1.7bn of grants to local authorities in 2010/11, 'to give them greater flexibility to re-shape their budgets and find savings in the areas set out above, while maintaining the quality of services to their customers'.²

To give this some context, in 2010/11 the Government allocated £76bn to English local authorities in revenue grants³ and £8.3bn in capital grants⁴.

In a briefing paper, the LGA was able to shed some more light on where the cuts to local authority grants would be made:⁵

- Communities and Local Government grants £537m
£362m from the CLG DEL and £175m from the Local Government DEL

- Department for Education Grants to local government £311m

- Department of Transport grants to local government £309m.

In 2010/11 local authorities received allocations from Department of Transport of £1,081m in capital grants and £189m in revenue grants

- DEFRA grants to local government £8m

In 2010/11 local authorities were allocated £139m in capital grants and £8m in revenue grants from DEFRA.

1.1 Protected grants

The Government revealed some grants to local authorities would be protected from cuts, including the formula grant. In 2010/11 formula grant allocations to English local authorities totalled £29bn.

Local authorities receive formula grant through the annual local government finance settlement and it comprises revenue support grant, redistributed business rate income and, where appropriate, police grant.

The formula grant forms only part of the central Government provision as local authorities also receive special grants, which may or may not be ring-fenced for specific purposes. Special grants and the formula grant are collectively known as Aggregate External Finance (AEF).

¹ http://www.hm-treasury.gov.uk/press_02_10.htm

² http://www.hm-treasury.gov.uk/d/press_04_10.pdf

³ <http://www.local.communities.gov.uk/finance/1011/keytab1s.xls>

⁴ <http://www.local.communities.gov.uk/finance/1011/capgrants/summary.xls>

⁵ <http://www.lga.gov.uk/lga/aio/11410179>

The Government also announced that schools, Sure Start and spending on 16-19 year-olds will also be protected from any in-year spending cuts.

Protection for Schools: Schools, 16-19 participation and Sure Start funding has been protected from reductions in 2010-11. This means that:

- frontline funding to schools will be protected, and money allocated to individual school budgets for 2010-11 will not be affected by the reductions;
- Money allocated to all local authorities for Sure Start will be protected for 2010-11, and the ringfence maintained; and
- 16-19 core participation funding will be maintained in 2010-11.

2 Detailed announcement

A Written Ministerial Statement providing further details of the savings to be made by local authorities was made on 10 June 2010.⁶

The statement showed which grants were going to be cut in what magnitudes to make up the £1.2bn of savings to be made by local authorities. Cuts were to be made to the following grants:

Revenue grants:

- Area Based Grant (The following elements of the grant are affected: Department for Education total; Supporting People Admin, Working Neighbourhood fund; Local Enterprise Growth Initiative; Prevent; Cohesion, Road Safety, Home Office total)
- Kickstart 2009
- Housing and Planning Delivery Grant
- Connecting Communities (including other cohesion funding)
- LAA Reward (Revenue share)
- Local Authority Business Growth Initiative

Capital Grants

- Integrated Transport Block (ITB)
- Yorkshire & Humber: ITB Transfer
- Capital detrunking
- PRN network funding
- Road Safety capital grant
- Urban Congestion Fund
- Major Projects

⁶ [HC Deb 10 June 2010 c15WS](#)

- Housing Market Renewal
- Gypsy and Traveller site grant
- Contaminated land
- LAA Reward (Capital share)
- Department for Transport funding support

Of the total £1.2bn of cuts that have been made £733m will come from revenue grants and £433m in the form of capital grants.

The Department of Communities and Local Government (CLG) were able to allocate £662m to individual local authorities, 57% of the grant cuts (61% of the revenue total; 49% of the capital total). Of the remaining grants it was not possible to make allocations to individual authorities as, in most cases, the allocations had yet to be finalised.

Alongside the Written Ministerial Statement the CLG produced an additional paper providing further information on the changes made to each of the affected grants:⁷

Reductions to individual grants/funding streams have been made, in the main, on a pro-rate basis, so that every authority is affected to the same proportionate extent in relation to that grant stream. In each case the Government is satisfied that it has adopted a fair approach to making the necessary reductions.

Section 4 of this note, reproduced from Annex C of the additional paper, explains the precise changes made to each grant and why, in some cases, it has not been possible to allocate the grant money to individual local authorities.

Table 1, overleaf, shows the level of cuts made to each of the affected grants in total, whether they are revenue or capital grants and if allocations to individual local authorities had been possible.

⁷ Local Government's contribution to £6.2b efficiencies in 2010-11, [HC Dep 2010-1284](#)

Table 1
Individual grant contributions to the £1.2bn savings in 2010/11,£m

<i>Revenue Grants</i>			
Allocated to LAs		Unallocated to LAs	
Department for Education total - ABG	311	Housing and Planning Delivery Grant	146
Supporting People Admin - ABG	30	Connecting communities	19
Working Neighbourhood fund - ABG	50	Other cohesion funding	5
Local Enterprise Growth Initiative - ABG	18	LAA Reward (Revenue share)	63
Prevent - ABG	7	LABGI	50
Cohesion - ABG	4		
Road Safety revenue - ABG	21		
Department for Transport Kickstart 2009 Specific grant	5		
Home Office - ABG	6		
2% capping adjustment	-1		
Total revenue reductions	450		283
All revenue reductions	733		
of which % unallocated to individual LAs	39%		
<i>Capital grants</i>			
Allocated to LAs		Unallocated to LAs	
Integrated Transport Block	151	Major Projects	61
Yorkshire & Humber: ITB Transfer	23	Housing Market Renewal	50
Capital detrunking	7	Gypsy and Traveller site grant	30
PRN network funding	6	Contaminated land	8
Road Safety capital grant	17	LAA Reward (Capital share)	63
Urban Congestion Fund	8	DfT - Other funding support	10
Total capital reductions	212		221
All capital reductions	433		
of which % unallocated to individual LAs	51%		
Total Revenue and Capital	662		504
As % of total £1.166bn	57%		43%

The Written Ministerial Statement also provided details of those revenue and capital grants which have been removed from ringfencing, see table 2. At the time of the initial Treasury announcement in May it was suggested that grants totalling £1.7bn would be removed from ringfencing, although by the time of the detailed announcement the total value of grants where the ringfence had been removed was revised to £1.2bn.

The reason for the discrepancy was explained in a response to a Parliamentary Question:⁸

The total of £1.7 billion used the latest published information for local government available prior to the announcement on 24 May of the efficiency savings to be found in 2010-11. The list of grants which will be de-ring-fenced takes account of the changes proposed by departments. The £1.7 billion also mistakenly included two grants where further work identified this funding as already providing local authorities with flexibility for local decisions on the use of that funding. Non-schools ring-fencing has still reduced from 10.6% to 7.7%. The coalition agreement makes clear that Ministers want to signal a fundamental shift of power and end the era of top-down government by giving new powers to local councils. The Government will phase out the ring-fencing of grants to local government. Decisions on this will be taken in the context of the next spending review. The CLG capital grant for private sector renewal (£300 million) was included as ring-fenced when it has now become clear that there is no control on local authority spending. A smaller Housing and Planning Delivery Grant (£29 million) was

⁸ HC Deb 22 June 2010 c162W

also included but this grant ended in 2008-09 and is therefore irrelevant to any calculations to provide a reduction in ring-fencing.

Table 2
Ring-fences removed from Local Government Funding Streams

	Department	£m
<i>Revenue Grant</i>		
Youth Opportunity Fund	DfE	40.8
Think Family Grant	DfE	94.1
Challenge and Support Funding	DfE	3.9
AIDs Support	DH	25.5
Learning Disability Campus Closure Programme	DH	51.0
Stroke Strategy	DH	15.0
Bus Challenge and Kickstart	DfT	10.0
Animal Health and Welfare Enforcement	DEFRA	8.5
Waste Management Pilots	DEFRA	1.5
Total Revenue		250.3
<i>Capital Grant</i>		
Fair Play Pathfinders	DfE	9.3
Fair Play Playbuilders	DfE	65.7
Innovation in Extracare Housing Grant	DH	3.0
Capital Investment for Transformation in Adult Social Care Grant	DH	30.0
AIDS/HIV	DH	3.1
Common Assessment Framework	DH	21.0
Social Care IT Infrastructure	DH	17.0
Detrunking	DfT	27.2
Major Projects	DfT	434.7
NEXUS (Tyne and Wear Metro)	DfT	34.0
Green Bus Fund	DfT	9.7
Flood and Coastal Erosion Risk Management	DEFRA	42.8
Coastal Change Pathfinders	DEFRA	4.6
Contaminated Land	DEFRA	10.0
Housing Market Renewal	CLG	236.0
Total Capital		948.1
Total Revenue and Capital		1,198.4

3 Effect on individual local authorities

The Government indicated that it had tried to restrict reductions to those grants which had not already been allocated to individual local authorities:

This has been possible to some extent. Some of the reductions occur in grants where there are underspends, where the money has yet to be allocated or where a grant determination has not yet been made. However, because of the scale of the contribution from local government, it has not been possible to achieve the necessary levels of reduction without reducing some allocations included in grant determinations. Local government, along with the rest of society, is being asked to play its part in helping to reduce the deficit. Where we have reduced revenue grants, no local authority will face a reduction of more than 2%.

The 2% grant reduction cap related to the proportion of the main revenue grant allocation that was to be cut. The main revenue grant comprises the Dedicated Schools Grant, Sure

Start, School Development Grant, Social Care Reform Grant, Department for Transport – Kickstart 2009; Formula Grant and the Area Based Grant.

There were nine local authorities, all shire district councils, which, all other things being equal, would have faced grant reductions of over 2%.⁹ The cost of adjusting the grant cuts of these authorities was approximately £1m in total.

Table 3 overleaf provides a summary of the affect of the grant cuts on different types of authority and analyses the affect by political control of the local authority.

The savings package has had the largest impact on the grants of metropolitan boroughs and unitary authorities, where 0.89% and 0.84% of the main revenue grant allocation will be cut. Shire districts will be the least affected with 0.32% of the main revenue grant allocation due to be cut.

The fact that shire districts will be the least affected should not come as a great surprise. These authorities receive most of their financing through the formula grant, which has not been subject to any cuts, and tend not to receive large amounts of specific grants. Of the 201 shire district authorities in England 128 had no reductions in their grants.

In table 3 political control is defined as a party having a majority of councillors after the local elections held in May 2010. In practice a party may control the LA with less than half of the councillors, as members from other parties may vote with the largest party. However for these purposes an authority where the largest party doesn't have a majority of councillors is considered to be under No Overall Control (NOC).

Amongst single-tier authorities, that is London and metropolitan boroughs as well as unitary authorities, the average proportion of grants cut is lower for Conservative controlled authorities than the average for authorities controlled by other parties.

The average Conservative controlled shire county council will face average cuts of 0.7% of main revenue grant. The only county council not under Conservative control is Cumbria, which faces grant cuts of 0.8% of main revenue grant.

The 136 Conservative controlled shire district authorities will face average cuts of 0.2% of the main revenue grant, compared to an average cut of 1.0% of main revenue grant for the seven Labour controlled authorities.

It is possible that this gap is due to the fact that there are relatively few Labour controlled shire districts (seven) and that two of these were amongst the districts to face the maximum 2% cuts. Of the other shire district authorities that face the maximum 2% cut in grants, one is under Conservative control, one is Liberal Democrat controlled with the remaining five under No Overall Control.

⁹ Ashfield, Barrow-in-Furness, Bolsover, Burnley, Great Yarmouth, Hastings, Hyndburn, Norwich, Pendle

Table 3
Summary of affect on local authorities of grant reductions, by
authority type and political control

			Revenue	
		Main	grant	% of Main
		revenue	reductions	revenue
		grant	after	grant
Number	allocation	adjustment	allocation	reduced
of LAs	£m	£m	£m	
<i>By Local Authority type</i>				
London Boroughs	32	10,834.4	74.2	0.7%
Metropolitan Boroughs	36	15,348.7	136.2	0.9%
Unitary Authorities	56	13,229.3	111.5	0.8%
Shire Counties	27	18,088.0	119.9	0.7%
Shire Districts	201	1,704.4	5.5	0.3%
<i>By Political Control of Local Authority</i>				
<i>Single tier - London & Metropolitan Boroughs; Unitary Authorities</i>				
CON	38	9,078.2	63.5	0.7%
IND	1	2.9	0.0	1.2%
LAB	43	15,721.0	137.0	0.9%
LD	7	2,033.1	15.8	0.8%
NOC	35	12,577.3	105.6	0.8%
<i>Shire Counties</i>				
CON	26	17,611.9	116.2	0.7%
IND				
LAB				
LD				
NOC	1	476.1	3.7	0.8%
<i>Shire Districts</i>				
CON	136	1,076.1	1.9	0.2%
IND	4	25.9	0.1	0.5%
LAB	7	72.1	0.7	1.0%
LD	18	168.2	0.8	0.5%
NOC	36	362.2	2.0	0.6%

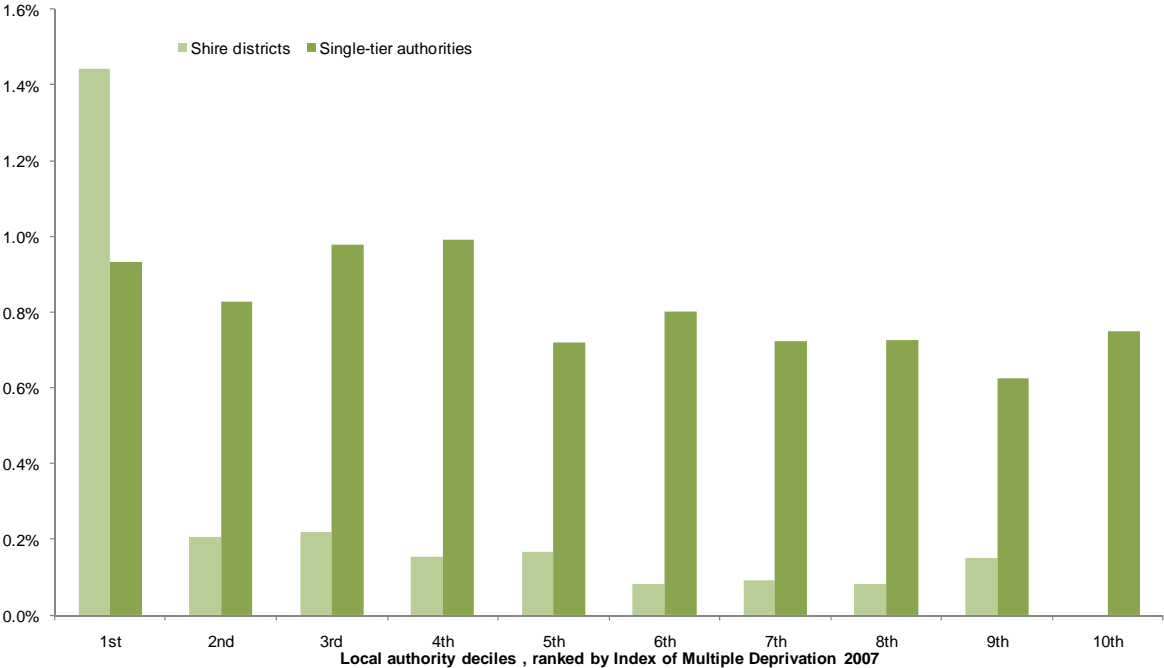
Chart 1 shows the proportion of the main revenue grant that is to be cut, by deprivation deciles. This has been calculated using the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 rank of average rank measure¹⁰

¹⁰ This is a population weighted average of the combined ranks for the Super Output Areas (SOAs) in a district. All the SOAs in a district need to be included to obtain such an average, as each SOA contributes to the character of that district. This measure is calculated by averaging all of the SOA ranks in each district. For the purpose of calculating this score the SOAs are ranked such that the most deprived SOA is given the rank of 32,482. The SOA ranks are population weighted within a district to take account of the fact that SOA size can vary.

The 10% most deprived shire district authorities will see their main revenue grant cut on average by 1.4%. By contrast none of the 10% least deprived shire districts have been affected by grant cuts.

Although the differences are less pronounced for single-tier authorities, the 40% most deprived will, on average, see their main revenue grant allocations reduced by a larger proportion than the remaining 60%.

Chart 1 - Proportion of main grant revenue allocation reduced, by deprivation ranking
(1st=most deprived; 10th=least deprived)



4 Information on individual grants

Reproduced from Annex C - 'Local Government's contribution to £6.2b efficiencies in 2010-11'.¹¹

Department for Education (DfE)

The DfE contribution to the £1.166bn reductions to local government is £311m. Local authorities should manage their reductions locally by giving priority to statutory services and functions along with those services which are most important to the local authority and its residents. To achieve this DfE are not proposing to reduce the allocations which local authorities have received in relation to particular spending lines (within ABG) but will reduce the overall amount each authority receives from the Department through ABG. For each local authority this will mean a reduction of 24% in the total allocation for the year – it is for local authorities to manage the reduction across all their funding sources. Percentage reductions have therefore been applied to the overall ABG allocations across all local authorities.

The total paid from the DfE budget in ABG in 2010-11 is £1.297 billion - this will be reduced to £986 million. Details of the individual reduction for each affected local authority are set out at Annex D.

¹¹ HC Dep 2010-1284

Department for Transport (DfT)

DfT pays out approximately £2 billion in specific and area-based grants to local authorities outside of London. A further £1 billion of supported borrowing counts against DfT's expenditure limit, but is provided to authorities through the Department for Communities and Local Government's Formula Grant. General revenue funding for transport is also provided through Formula Grant. For the reasons set out in the body of this note, the Government is not proposing to re-open the Formula Grant settlement for 2010/11. DfT proposes to make the savings set out below from individual grants, with £275m of the £309m proposed savings coming from capital grants.

Integrated transport block (ITB) - £150.780m. All authorities receive at least a third of ITB allocations as grant; the balance of the remainder between grant and supported borrowing varies. The proposed savings represent that portion of the 33% which is yet to be paid, and accounts for 25% of the total allocation for IT block. It would be taken from the second, third and fourth quarter payments in July, October and January.

Major projects - £61.4m. The Department intends to discuss the deferral of selected major schemes on a bilateral basis with individual local authorities. As no final decisions have been made on which projects will be deferred and by how much, these figures are not therefore included in the individual authority exemplifications at Annex D.

Yorkshire and Humber ITB transfer - £23.473m. The previous government agreed to transfer a forecast underspend in the major schemes budget for the Yorkshire and Humber Region to individual authorities as a top-up to their IT Block allocations following Regional Funding Advice in February 2009. Given that it is necessary to look at deferring individual major schemes, the government considers that 50% of the 2010/11 transfer from major schemes to IT block should not proceed in the current financial year.

Capital detrunking - £6.753m. The Department intends to reduce by 20% the funding that was due to be paid in 2010/11 for roads transferred from the Highways Agency. To avoid disproportionate impacts on any local authority, total reductions across capital detrunking and PRN (see below) will be capped for an individual authority at 20% of that authority's 2010/11 maintenance formula block.

PRN network funding - £5.921m. The Department intends to reduce by 20% the 2010/11 budget for work on the local authority primary route network. As stated above, to avoid disproportionate impacts on any local authority, total reductions across capital detrunking and PRN will be capped at 20% of an authority's 2010/11 maintenance formula block.

Urban Congestion Fund - £7.876m This reduction will be made from the budget available for the final set of payments from this fund and will be made as capital funding only.

Smaller grants - £15m. The Department wishes to move away from small bid-based and reward grants that are administratively expensive, and therefore proposes the following reductions:

Kickstart 2009: £5m, cancelling this scheme altogether

£10m from other funding not yet allocated to individual authorities

Road safety funding - £37.797m. £20.592m is proposed to be removed from road safety revenue grant (paid out via Area Based Grant) in the last four months of

2010/11 and £17.205m road safety capital grant originally due to be paid in May. This represents a reduction of 27% in the revenue grant and all of the capital grant.

Communities and Local Government (CLG)

The Housing Market Renewal programme - £50m. This represents a reduction to the 2010/11 capital programme budget announced in December 2009. The budget review process has still to be concluded and as a result, the final decision on individual allocations has still to be taken. CLG will shortly be consulting the Pathfinder local authorities about alternative ways of making the £50m saving. The proposal is to reduce funding on a pro-rata basis, subject to any difficulties of an exceptional nature which are identified during the targeted engagement/consultation with the Pathfinder local authorities. The consultation will present alternatives on how this saving is to be made. The reduction in the Housing Market Renewal Programme is not therefore included in the individual authority exemplifications at Annex D.

The Gypsy and Traveller Site Grant - £30m. The Government is cancelling the remainder of this grant in 2010/11. There will therefore be no bidding round in the current financial year for which authorities or Registered Social Landlords will be required to prepare competitive bids.

Housing and Planning Delivery Grant - £146m. This has been abolished in the current year. The intention of HPDG was to act as an incentive to local authorities to bring forward housing and prepare the ground for increased delivery. However, there has been a sustained shortfall in housing development resulting in the lowest level of house building in England since 1946. HPDG has proved an ineffective and excessively complex incentive. The Coalition Agreement set out that the Government will provide incentives for local authorities to deliver sustainable development, including for new homes and businesses.

Connecting Communities - £19m, and other cohesion funding - £5m

As part of these savings, the Government will not be proceeding with either the second year of the Connecting Communities programme, or the additional funding announced last year to support work to tackle racist extremism. No specific allocations to individual authorities had been made from these programmes.

LAA Reward - £125m. The focus on reducing the deficit, whilst protecting front line services meant that the Government looked carefully at programmes such as LAA Reward and concluded that the programme should be reduced.

Areas should continue to use the maximum allocation of reward grant detailed in the agreements as the basis for calculating reward grant payments. Areas will then receive 50% of the reward achieved on any target. Reward grant is different from other grants as the maximum grant would only ever be payable if all targets were achieved in full. This maximum allocation will have been shared between the reward targets at the time of the negotiation and revising this sub-division between targets now would add to complexity. For these reasons the reductions in LAA reward grant are not therefore included in the individual authority exemplifications at Annex D.

Our approach is intended to ensure that all areas receive a fair share of the available fund and that the bureaucracy associated with finalising these payments is minimised. This will mean that:

Areas with LAAs that ran from 2006-2009 have already submitted their claims and these were paid in the last financial year. We will accept no further claims from these

areas but plan to pay 50% of the value of any targets likely to be achieved where data to support a claim was not available before Dec 2009.

Areas with LAAs that ran from 2007-2010 should submit their claims as usual. We will pay 50% of what's claimed and 50% of the value of any targets where data is not available but the target is likely to be achieved. Areas should seek to maximise the number of targets with final measurement data included in these claims, therefore we will not accept claims before 6 December 2010.

There are a number of 2006-09 LPSA claims outstanding and we will now treat these claims in the same way as the LAA areas.

As this grant is claimed in two instalments, over the course of two financial years, we have sought to ensure that no area will receive less than they would have been expecting as a first instalment claim.

Local Authority Business Growth Incentives (LABGI) - £50m This Government is committed to promoting business, as the driver of economic growth and innovation. However we do not believe LABGI offers a real incentive to local authorities to promote economic development. Many have viewed the scheme as being too complex, unpredictable and potentially unfair. The coalition agreement set out that the Government will provide incentives for local authorities to deliver sustainable development, including for new homes and businesses.

CLG is reducing its contribution to some of the funding streams within Area Based Grant (ABG). Since ABG is an unringfenced grant, this approach offers local authorities the maximum flexibility to balance local commitments and priorities. CLG reviewed the funding streams feeding into ABG on a case by case basis in line with the Government's priorities. The focus was on reducing the national deficit, whilst protecting key front line services, in particular Supporting People

Supporting People Admin (ABG) - £30m

The Government has decided to remove the funding stream for Supporting People Administration for 2010/11 which was designed to support local authorities in establishing dedicated Supporting People teams, at the time of the introduction of the Supporting People Programme. Authorities are expected to have delivered efficiencies in this area, and many have begun to combine Supporting People teams with other social service teams.

It should be noted that no reductions have been made to the Supporting People Programme funding stream, and these allocations will continue to be made through the Area Based Grant.

Working Neighbourhood Fund (ABG) - £49.9m represents a reduction of 10%. To date, there has been only limited evidence that WNF has been effective.

Local Enterprise Growth Initiative (ABG) - £17.5m which represents a reduction of 23%. Although there is limited evidence to date on the effectiveness of LEGI, an independent evaluation will be published in the summer. The coalition agreement set out that the Government will provide incentives for local authorities to deliver sustainable development, including for new homes and businesses.

Prevent (ABG) - £7m which represents a reduction of 29.2%. Funding for local authorities to deliver Prevent will still be higher than it was in 2008-09 and 2009-10. Each of the 94 authorities in receipt of Prevent area based grant will have their allocations for this year reduced, on a pro rata basis.

Cohesion (ABG) -£4m – which represents a reduction of 23.5%. Each of the 126 authorities in receipt of cohesion area based grant will have their allocations for this year reduced, on a pro rata basis.

Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra)

Contaminated Land Grant - £7.5m - The contaminated land capital grant budget for 2010/11 will be reduced by £7.5m (from an initial allocation of £17.5m to a revised budget of £10m). The budget reduction is part of wider work to improve value for money from local authority work on contaminated land. The first application window for 2010/11 took place earlier this year and payments have been allocated. A second window is planned in the early summer to allocate remaining funds (following the reduction) with money allocated in the usual way according to risk priority.

Home Office

The Home Office contribution to the overall reduction in grants to local government (excluding proposals for police authorities which the Minister of State for Policing and Criminal Justice announced on 27 May) totals £6m.

This will be achieved through a £6 million reduction in the total amount of Area Based Grant provided by the Home Office. The £6m reduction has been applied on a pro-rata basis and details of the reduction for each local authority are set out at Annex D.

5 Summary details for individual authorities

The following table provides summary information on the level of grant cuts, revenue and capital, facing each local authority.

More detailed information can be found in Annex D of the additional paper provided alongside the Written Ministerial Statement.¹²

Detailed information for an individual local authority is available from the Social and General Statistics section of the Library.

¹² [HC Dep 2010-1284](#)

Grant reductions of individual local authorities - 2010/11

Local authority	Political control	Class of LA	Main revenue grant allocation £m	Revenue grant reductions after adjustment £m	% of Main revenue grant allocation reduced	Total capital grant reductions £m	Total grant reductions £m
Adur	CON	SD	5.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Allerdale	NOC	SD	10.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Amber Valley	CON	SD	10.0	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Arun	CON	SD	10.5	0.033	0.3%	0.0	0.033
Ashfield	NOC	SD	12.8	0.257	2.0%	1.6	1.867
Ashford	CON	SD	8.5	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Aylesbury Vale	CON	SD	12.2	0.057	0.5%	0.0	0.057
Babergh	NOC	SD	6.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Barking and Dagenham	LAB	OLB	294.8	2.785	0.9%	0.0	2.785
Barnet	CON	OLB	352.1	1.892	0.5%	0.0	1.892
Barnsley	LAB	MD	284.2	2.749	1.0%	0.0	2.749
Barrow-in-Furness	NOC	SD	12.3	0.245	2.0%	0.0	0.245
Basildon	CON	SD	16.1	0.033	0.2%	0.0	0.033
Basingstoke and Deane	CON	SD	10.2	0.000	0.0%	2.8	2.830
Bassetlaw	CON	SD	11.7	0.018	0.2%	0.6	0.648
Bath & North East Somerset	NOC	UA	160.9	1.016	0.6%	0.0	1.016
Bedford	NOC	UA	175.8	1.180	0.7%	0.0	1.180
Bexley	CON	OLB	253.9	1.401	0.6%	0.0	1.401
Birmingham	NOC	MD	1,738.5	12.627	0.7%	0.0	12.627
Blaby	CON	SD	6.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Blackburn with Darwen	NOC	UA	235.2	4.018	1.7%	0.0	4.018
Blackpool	CON	UA	206.2	2.894	1.4%	0.0	2.894
Bolsover	LAB	SD	10.6	0.212	2.0%	0.0	0.212
Bolton	NOC	MD	392.6	4.106	1.0%	0.0	4.106
Boston	IND	SD	7.6	0.078	1.0%	0.0	0.078
Bournemouth	CON	UA	163.7	1.566	1.0%	0.5	2.086
Bracknell Forest	CON	UA	102.8	0.785	0.8%	0.6	1.405
Bradford	NOC	MD	740.9	7.265	1.0%	0.0	7.265
Braintree	CON	SD	10.3	0.000	0.0%	2.5	2.470
Breckland	CON	SD	11.6	0.064	0.5%	0.0	0.064
Brent	LAB	OLB	413.8	2.249	0.5%	0.0	2.249
Brentwood	CON	SD	5.3	0.000	0.0%	1.7	1.680
Brighton & Hove	NOC	UA	282.7	1.935	0.7%	0.0	1.935
Bristol	LD	UA	443.4	3.116	0.7%	1.1	4.226
Broadland	CON	SD	8.5	0.000	0.0%	0.9	0.940
Bromley	CON	OLB	288.9	1.669	0.6%	0.9	2.549
Bromsgrove	CON	SD	5.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Broxbourne	CON	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	0.7	0.730
Broxtowe	NOC	SD	8.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Buckinghamshire	CON	SC	408.2	2.830	0.7%	0.0	2.830
Burnley	LD	SD	15.2	0.303	2.0%	0.8	1.133
Bury	NOC	MD	213.7	1.998	0.9%	0.0	1.998
Calderdale	NOC	MD	251.9	1.535	0.6%	0.0	1.535
Cambridge	LD	SD	12.7	0.057	0.4%	0.0	0.057
Cambridgeshire	CON	SC	496.2	2.928	0.6%	3.8	6.738
Camden	LAB	ILB	364.4	2.294	0.6%	3.0	5.334
Cannock Chase	NOC	SD	8.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Canterbury	CON	SD	13.3	0.012	0.1%	0.0	0.012
Carlisle	NOC	SD	10.5	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Castle Point	CON	SD	6.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Central Bedfordshire	CON	UA	224.0	1.505	0.7%	0.0	1.505
Charnwood	CON	SD	12.7	0.048	0.4%	0.0	0.048
Chelmsford	CON	SD	10.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Cheltenham	LD	SD	8.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Cherwell	CON	SD	11.0	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Cheshire East	CON	UA	309.1	2.005	0.6%	0.0	2.005
Cheshire West and Chester	CON	UA	327.2	2.113	0.6%	0.4	2.533
Chesterfield	LD	SD	11.8	0.161	1.4%	1.5	1.631
Chichester	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Chiltern	CON	SD	4.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Chorley	CON	SD	8.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Christchurch	CON	SD	2.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Colchester	NOC	SD	12.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Copeland	LAB	SD	8.3	0.098	1.2%	0.0	0.098
Corby	LAB	SD	6.0	0.064	1.1%	0.8	0.834
Cornwall	NOC	UA	564.1	3.822	0.7%	0.0	3.822
Cotswold	CON	SD	5.4	0.000	0.0%	2.3	2.280
Coventry	LAB	MD	414.2	3.460	0.8%	0.0	3.460
Craven	CON	SD	4.3	0.018	0.4%	2.8	2.838
Crawley	CON	SD	10.9	0.090	0.8%	0.0	0.090
Croydon	CON	OLB	382.5	4.347	1.1%	0.0	4.347
Cumbria	NOC	SC	476.1	3.678	0.8%	0.0	3.678
Dacorum	CON	SD	9.8	0.000	0.0%	3.2	3.190
Darlington	LAB	UA	117.2	0.929	0.8%	3.0	3.969
Dartford	CON	SD	7.6	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Daventry	CON	SD	6.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Derby	NOC	UA	309.0	2.152	0.7%	1.2	3.332
Derbyshire	CON	SC	713.7	4.173	0.6%	0.0	4.173

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Derbyshire Dales	CON	SD	4.9	0.000	0.0%	0.8	0.840
Devon	CON	SC	629.3	3.912	0.6%	3.0	6.932
Doncaster	LAB	MD	378.8	4.534	1.2%	0.0	4.534
Dorset	CON	SC	311.0	2.497	0.8%	0.0	2.497
Dover	CON	SD	10.5	0.047	0.4%	0.0	0.047
Dudley	CON	MD	367.0	1.960	0.5%	0.0	1.960
Durham	LAB	UA	621.8	6.339	1.0%	0.0	6.339
Ealing	LAB	OLB	411.8	1.832	0.4%	0.6	2.462
East Cambridgeshire	CON	SD	6.8	0.000	0.0%	1.7	1.700
East Devon	CON	SD	8.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
East Dorset	CON	SD	3.8	0.000	0.0%	4.1	4.050
East Hampshire	CON	SD	6.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
East Hertfordshire	CON	SD	8.2	0.000	0.0%	1.1	1.080
East Lindsey	NOC	SD	17.4	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
East Northamptonshire	CON	SD	6.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
East Riding of Yorkshire	CON	UA	324.0	2.011	0.6%	7.1	9.151
East Staffordshire	CON	SD	9.9	0.090	0.9%	0.7	0.800
East Sussex	CON	SC	440.3	2.988	0.7%	0.0	2.988
Eastbourne	LD	SD	10.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Eastleigh	LD	SD	7.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Eden	NOC	SD	4.7	0.000	0.0%	0.3	0.280
Elmbridge	CON	SD	6.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Enfield	LAB	OLB	398.4	2.736	0.7%	0.0	2.736
Epping Forest	CON	SD	9.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Epsom and Ewell	IND	SD	4.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Erewash	CON	SD	9.8	0.018	0.2%	0.5	0.488
Essex	CON	SC	1,191.8	7.559	0.6%	0.3	7.899
Exeter	NOC	SD	12.2	0.006	0.1%	0.0	0.006
Fareham	CON	SD	6.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Fenland	CON	SD	10.3	0.078	0.8%	0.0	0.078
Forest Heath	CON	SD	5.6	0.000	0.0%	1.3	1.290
Forest of Dean	CON	SD	6.9	0.000	0.0%	0.7	0.650
Fylde	CON	SD	5.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Gateshead	LAB	MD	256.9	2.768	1.1%	0.0	2.768
Gedling	CON	SD	9.3	0.000	0.0%	1.4	1.400
Gloucester	NOC	SD	11.1	0.055	0.5%	0.0	0.055
Gloucestershire	CON	SC	525.6	3.170	0.6%	0.0	3.170
Gosport	CON	SD	7.4	0.018	0.2%	1.2	1.228
Gravesham	CON	SD	8.6	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Great Yarmouth	CON	SD	15.4	0.308	2.0%	0.0	0.308
Greenwich	LAB	ILB	413.5	3.045	0.7%	0.0	3.045
Guildford	CON	SD	8.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Hackney	LAB	ILB	460.1	3.792	0.8%	0.9	4.712
Halton	LAB	UA	181.0	2.047	1.1%	0.0	2.047
Hambleton	CON	SD	5.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Hammersmith and Fulham	CON	ILB	249.8	1.678	0.7%	0.0	1.678
Hampshire	CON	SC	1,005.1	6.205	0.6%	0.0	6.205
Harborough	CON	SD	5.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Haringey	LAB	OLB	379.8	3.309	0.9%	0.0	3.309
Harlow	CON	SD	9.1	0.027	0.3%	2.0	2.047
Harrogate	CON	SD	11.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Harrow	LAB	OLB	237.6	1.291	0.5%	0.0	1.291
Hart	CON	SD	3.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Hartlepool	LAB	UA	139.3	1.662	1.2%	0.0	1.662
Hastings	LAB	SD	14.3	0.286	2.0%	0.0	0.286
Havant	CON	SD	10.0	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Havering	CON	OLB	242.5	1.332	0.5%	0.5	1.832
Herefordshire	CON	UA	173.4	1.158	0.7%	0.5	1.668
Hertfordshire	CON	SC	970.7	5.886	0.6%	0.0	5.886
Hertsmere	CON	SD	8.1	0.033	0.4%	0.0	0.033
High Peak	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	1.3	1.330
Hillingdon	CON	OLB	303.0	1.814	0.6%	0.0	1.814
Hinckley and Bosworth	LD	SD	7.4	0.000	0.0%	1.2	1.210
Horsham	CON	SD	6.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Hounslow	LAB	OLB	296.8	2.095	0.7%	1.4	3.535
Huntingdonshire	CON	SD	13.0	0.018	0.1%	0.0	0.018
Hyndburn	NOC	SD	12.2	0.244	2.0%	2.0	2.264
Ipswich	NOC	SD	12.0	0.007	0.1%	0.0	0.007
Isle of Wight	CON	UA	158.4	1.032	0.7%	0.0	1.032
Isles of Scilly	IND	UA	2.9	0.034	1.2%	0.4	0.394
Islington	LAB	ILB	347.0	3.250	0.9%	0.0	3.250
Kensington & Chelsea	CON	ILB	201.3	1.576	0.8%	0.0	1.576
Kent	CON	SC	1,278.8	8.789	0.7%	0.0	8.789
Kettering	CON	SD	7.3	0.000	0.0%	0.7	0.710
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	CON	SD	15.6	0.048	0.3%	0.0	0.048
Kingston upon Hull	LD	UA	361.6	3.896	1.1%	0.0	3.896
Kingston upon Thames	LD	OLB	146.8	0.905	0.6%	0.6	1.475
Kirklees	NOC	MD	481.9	2.994	0.6%	0.0	2.994

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Knowsley	LAB	MD	266.1	3.356	1.3%	0.0	3.356
Lambeth	LAB	ILB	470.9	2.740	0.6%	0.0	2.740
Lancashire	CON	SC	1,147.0	7.936	0.7%	0.7	8.656
Lancaster	NOC	SD	16.5	0.018	0.1%	0.3	0.318
Leeds	NOC	MD	919.8	7.411	0.8%	1.1	8.541
Leicester	LAB	UA	457.2	3.800	0.8%	2.0	5.750
Leicestershire	CON	SC	512.6	3.149	0.6%	0.0	3.149
Lewes	LD	SD	6.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Lewisham	LAB	ILB	427.0	2.735	0.6%	2.4	5.085
Lichfield	CON	SD	6.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Lincoln	NOC	SD	10.7	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Lincolnshire	CON	SC	668.9	4.204	0.6%	2.7	6.924
Liverpool	LAB	MD	754.3	9.288	1.2%	0.0	9.288
Luton	LAB	UA	266.1	1.948	0.7%	0.0	1.948
Maidstone	CON	SD	9.5	0.000	0.0%	1.8	1.770
Maldon	CON	SD	4.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Malvern Hills	CON	SD	5.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Manchester	LAB	MD	770.6	7.185	0.9%	0.0	7.185
Mansfield	IND	SD	10.5	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Medway	CON	UA	286.2	1.961	0.7%	0.4	2.401
Melton	CON	SD	4.0	0.000	0.0%	1.0	0.990
Mendip	CON	SD	8.5	0.018	0.2%	4.7	4.668
Merton	NOC	OLB	193.6	1.112	0.6%	0.0	1.112
Mid Devon	NOC	SD	6.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Mid Suffolk	CON	SD	6.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Mid Sussex	CON	SD	6.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Middlesbrough	LAB	UA	202.6	2.705	1.3%	0.0	2.705
Milton Keynes	NOC	UA	281.7	1.821	0.6%	0.8	2.581
Mole Valley	NOC	SD	4.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
New Forest	CON	SD	11.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Newark and Sherwood	CON	SD	10.4	0.000	0.0%	0.5	0.500
Newcastle upon Tyne	LD	MD	371.6	3.328	0.9%	0.0	3.328
Newcastle-under-Lyme	NOC	SD	11.2	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Newham	LAB	OLB	568.8	4.687	0.8%	0.6	5.287
Norfolk	CON	SC	779.7	5.922	0.8%	0.9	6.772
North Devon	CON	SD	8.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North Dorset	CON	SD	4.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North East Derbyshire	LAB	SD	7.9	0.000	0.0%	3.2	3.200
North East Lincolnshire	NOC	UA	202.4	2.983	1.5%	1.0	3.993
North Hertfordshire	CON	SD	8.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North Kesteven	CON	SD	8.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North Lincolnshire	LAB	UA	183.4	1.212	0.7%	0.0	1.212
North Norfolk	LD	SD	9.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North Somerset	CON	UA	194.1	1.263	0.7%	0.9	2.123
North Tyneside	NOC	MD	233.9	1.418	0.6%	1.0	2.388
North Warwickshire	CON	SD	5.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North West Leicestershire	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
North Yorkshire	CON	SC	512.1	3.661	0.7%	0.0	3.661
Northampton	LD	SD	19.3	0.086	0.4%	0.0	0.086
Northamptonshire	CON	SC	632.6	4.167	0.7%	0.4	4.577
Northumberland	NOC	UA	344.8	3.726	1.1%	1.8	5.536
Norwich	NOC	SD	17.8	0.355	2.0%	0.0	0.355
Nottingham	LAB	UA	407.1	4.535	1.1%	0.0	4.535
Nottinghamshire	CON	SC	719.8	4.745	0.7%	0.0	4.745
Nuneaton and Bedworth	NOC	SD	11.5	0.033	0.3%	3.7	3.743
Oadby and Wigston	LD	SD	4.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Oldham	NOC	MD	343.6	2.838	0.8%	0.0	2.838
Oxford	LAB	SD	17.1	0.075	0.4%	1.6	1.625
Oxfordshire	CON	SC	523.0	3.551	0.7%	0.0	3.551
Pendle	NOC	SD	13.5	0.269	2.0%	0.0	0.269
Peterborough	CON	UA	223.5	1.764	0.8%	0.6	2.374
Plymouth	CON	UA	291.1	1.802	0.6%	0.0	1.802
Poole	CON	UA	115.4	0.905	0.8%	0.0	0.905
Portsmouth	LD	UA	222.7	1.613	0.7%	0.7	2.263
Preston	NOC	SD	19.5	0.390	2.0%	0.4	0.770
Purbeck	NOC	SD	3.4	0.000	0.0%	1.6	1.630
Reading	NOC	UA	151.6	1.596	1.1%	1.0	2.566
Redbridge	NOC	OLB	327.8	1.593	0.5%	1.0	2.543
Redcar and Cleveland	NOC	UA	192.2	2.348	1.2%	0.0	2.348
Redditch	CON	SD	6.6	0.018	0.3%	0.0	0.018
Reigate and Banstead	CON	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Ribble Valley	CON	SD	4.2	0.000	0.0%	1.7	1.710
Richmond upon Thames	CON	OLB	145.8	0.906	0.6%	1.0	1.916
Richmondshire	NOC	SD	4.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Rochdale	NOC	MD	305.9	2.839	0.9%	0.0	2.839
Rochford	CON	SD	5.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Rossendale	CON	SD	6.6	0.064	1.0%	0.5	0.554
Rother	CON	SD	6.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000

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Rotherham	LAB	MD	341.0	2.406	0.7%	0.7	3.126
Rugby	CON	SD	7.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Runnymede	CON	SD	5.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Rushcliffe	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Rushmoor	CON	SD	7.2	0.033	0.5%	1.2	1.213
Rutland	CON	UA	34.4	0.347	1.0%	0.3	0.637
Ryedale	NOC	SD	4.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Salford	LAB	MD	324.0	3.503	1.1%	0.0	3.503
Sandwell	LAB	MD	444.5	4.047	0.9%	0.0	4.047
Scarborough	NOC	SD	12.6	0.018	0.1%	0.0	0.018
Sedgemoor	CON	SD	10.2	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
Sefton	NOC	MD	342.7	3.158	0.9%	0.0	3.158
Selby	CON	SD	6.9	0.018	0.3%	0.0	0.018
Sevenoaks	CON	SD	6.4	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Sheffield	NOC	MD	678.1	6.545	1.0%	0.0	6.545
Shepway	CON	SD	10.4	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Shropshire	CON	UA	284.4	2.142	0.8%	0.5	2.592
Slough	LAB	UA	178.5	1.618	0.9%	0.0	1.618
Solihull	NOC	MD	208.3	1.552	0.7%	0.0	1.552
Somerset	CON	SC	457.2	3.077	0.7%	0.6	3.647
South Bucks	CON	SD	3.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Cambridgeshire	CON	SD	7.9	0.000	0.0%	3.9	3.930
South Derbyshire	CON	SD	7.4	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Gloucestershire	NOC	UA	230.2	1.418	0.6%	0.5	1.898
South Hams	CON	SD	5.6	0.000	0.0%	2.1	2.100
South Holland	CON	SD	9.3	0.064	0.7%	0.1	0.164
South Kesteven	CON	SD	10.3	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
South Lakeland	LD	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Norfolk	CON	SD	8.4	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Northamptonshire	CON	SD	5.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Oxfordshire	CON	SD	7.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Ribble	CON	SD	7.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Somerset	LD	SD	11.2	0.018	0.2%	4.5	4.478
South Staffordshire	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
South Tyneside	LAB	MD	223.1	3.191	1.4%	0.4	3.541
Southampton	CON	UA	251.8	1.855	0.7%	0.0	1.855
Southend-on-Sea	CON	UA	197.3	1.387	0.7%	0.4	1.797
Southwark	LAB	ILB	475.4	3.297	0.7%	0.0	3.297
Spelthorne	CON	SD	5.7	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
St Albans	LD	SD	7.9	0.057	0.7%	0.0	0.057
St Edmundsbury	CON	SD	7.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
St Helens	LAB	MD	239.6	3.209	1.3%	0.0	3.209
Stafford	CON	SD	8.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Staffordshire	CON	SC	717.9	4.573	0.6%	0.0	4.573
Staffordshire Moorlands	CON	SD	7.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Stevenage	LAB	SD	7.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Stockport	LD	MD	277.1	1.695	0.6%	1.3	2.975
Stockton-on-Tees	NOC	UA	230.8	2.581	1.1%	0.0	2.581
Stoke-on-Trent	NOC	UA	329.1	3.548	1.1%	0.7	4.268
Stratford-on-Avon	CON	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Stroud	CON	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Suffolk	CON	SC	633.9	4.112	0.6%	0.0	4.112
Suffolk Coastal	CON	SD	8.3	0.000	0.0%	1.4	1.360
Sunderland	LAB	MD	375.0	4.054	1.1%	0.0	4.054
Surrey	CON	SC	834.6	5.346	0.6%	0.0	5.346
Surrey Heath	CON	SD	4.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Sutton	LD	OLB	210.0	1.197	0.6%	0.0	1.197
Swale	CON	SD	12.3	0.033	0.3%	4.3	4.343
Swindon	CON	UA	193.2	1.424	0.7%	0.0	1.424
Tameside	LAB	MD	277.7	2.342	0.8%	3.2	5.492
Tamworth	CON	SD	7.0	0.018	0.3%	0.6	0.608
Tandridge	CON	SD	4.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Taunton Deane	NOC	SD	8.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Teignbridge	NOC	SD	9.9	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Telford and the Wrekin	NOC	UA	196.4	1.761	0.9%	0.6	2.391
Tendring	NOC	SD	14.4	0.030	0.2%	0.0	0.030
Test Valley	CON	SD	7.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Tewkesbury	NOC	SD	5.3	0.000	0.0%	0.4	0.420
Thanet	CON	SD	15.2	0.207	1.4%	0.7	0.897
Three Rivers	LD	SD	5.7	0.000	0.0%	1.5	1.480
Thurrock	NOC	UA	179.0	1.229	0.7%	0.9	2.099
Tonbridge and Malling	CON	SD	6.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Torbay	CON	UA	152.8	0.986	0.6%	1.0	1.936
Torridge	NOC	SD	6.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Tower Hamlets	LAB	ILB	553.2	4.124	0.7%	0.0	4.124
Trafford	CON	MD	241.1	1.511	0.6%	0.0	1.511
Tunbridge Wells	CON	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	3.0	3.020
Uttersford	CON	SD	4.1	0.000	0.0%	1.0	0.960

Grant reductions of individual local authorities - 2010/11

Local authority	Political control	Class of LA	Main revenue grant allocation £m	Revenue grant reductions after adjustment £m	% of Main revenue grant allocation reduced	Total capital grant reductions £m	Total grant reductions £m
Vale of White Horse	LD	SD	7.2	0.000	0.0%	1.6	1.550
Wakefield	LAB	MD	375.1	2.366	0.6%	0.0	2.366
Walsall	CON	MD	363.9	3.065	0.8%	1.0	4.015
Waltham Forest	LAB	OLB	348.1	2.603	0.7%	0.0	2.603
Wandsworth	CON	ILB	351.7	1.940	0.6%	0.8	2.780
Warrington	NOC	UA	205.3	1.318	0.6%	1.2	2.518
Warwick	NOC	SD	10.5	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Warwickshire	CON	SC	455.0	3.594	0.8%	0.0	3.594
Watford	LD	SD	8.4	0.091	1.1%	0.0	0.091
Waveney	CON	SD	11.8	0.018	0.1%	0.0	0.018
Waverley	CON	SD	6.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Wealden	CON	SD	8.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Wellingborough	CON	SD	7.0	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Welwyn Hatfield	CON	SD	7.9	0.000	0.0%	0.4	0.360
West Berkshire	CON	UA	150.8	1.054	0.7%	0.0	1.054
West Devon	NOC	SD	4.4	0.000	0.0%	0.5	0.500
West Dorset	CON	SD	8.3	0.000	0.0%	0.6	0.550
West Lancashire	CON	SD	9.6	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
West Lindsey	CON	SD	8.3	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
West Oxfordshire	CON	SD	6.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
West Somerset	IND	SD	3.6	0.024	0.7%	0.0	0.024
West Sussex	CON	SC	589.2	3.990	0.7%	0.0	3.990
Westminster	CON	ILB	323.3	1.953	0.6%	0.0	1.953
Weymouth and Portland	NOC	SD	6.1	0.018	0.3%	2.0	2.008
Wigan	LAB	MD	380.4	2.920	0.8%	0.0	2.920
Wiltshire	CON	UA	407.2	2.713	0.7%	0.0	2.713
Winchester	LD	SD	7.1	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Windsor and Maidenhead	CON	UA	113.2	0.912	0.8%	0.0	0.912
Wirral	NOC	MD	421.3	3.927	0.9%	0.6	4.527
Woking	CON	SD	7.0	0.090	1.3%	2.3	2.350
Wokingham	CON	UA	127.3	0.848	0.7%	0.0	0.848
Wolverhampton	NOC	MD	349.5	3.038	0.9%	0.0	3.038
Worcester	NOC	SD	8.2	0.000	0.0%	1.4	1.380
Worcestershire	CON	SC	457.7	3.261	0.7%	0.0	3.261
Worthing	CON	SD	8.1	0.018	0.2%	2.1	2.078
Wychavon	CON	SD	7.8	0.000	0.0%	0.0	0.000
Wycombe	CON	SD	10.5	0.099	0.9%	0.0	0.099
Wyre	CON	SD	10.5	0.000	0.0%	0.8	0.790
Wyre Forest	CON	SD	8.4	0.018	0.2%	0.0	0.018
York	NOC	UA	161.8	1.179	0.7%	0.0	1.179

Note: Class of LA:

- ILB - Inner London Borough
- MD - Metropolitan District
- OLB - Outer London Borough
- SC - Shire County
- SD - Shire District
- UA - Unitary Authority